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Firearm Industry Economic Impact Rises 322% Since 2008



At the *Washington Times*: There Have Been No Shooting Attacks in Schools Where Teachers Can Legally Carry Guns



Growing Ignorance of History Threatens Our Second Amendment Rights



Best Selling Guns in April 2023



NRA Taunts Biden Over 2020 Pledge to 'Defeat' 2A Group

The only person with whom you have to compare yourself is you in the past.

Sigmund Freud





The New Face Of Semi-Auto Shotguns



Six Reasons to Own A Revolver



Watchdog: IRS Has Spent \$10 Million on Guns, Ammo, and 'Military-Style Equipment' Since 2020



'Law and Order' Gun Owners Should Understand There's No 'Good Gun Control

Americans Have Something to Say That Biden Won't Like to Hear

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Republicans Offer National "Stand Your Ground" Bill



Tanner Gun Show - Denver May 5th - 7th - Crowne Plaza

Buy Tickets

Tanner Gun Show - Denver July 28th - 30th - Crowne Plaza

Buy Tickets



Report: No School Shooting Has Ever Happened in a School with Armed Teachers

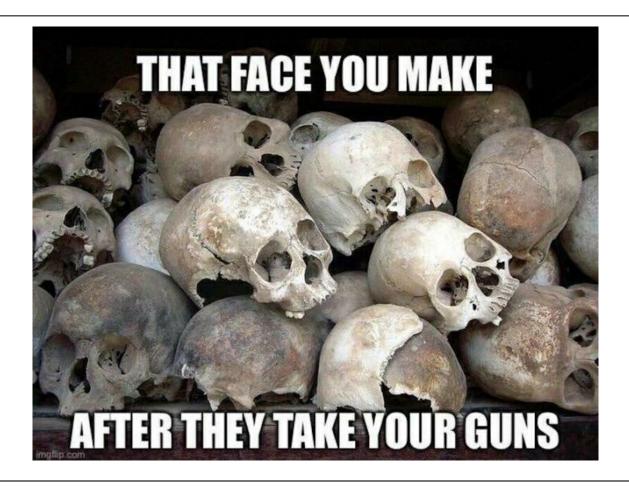


NSSF-Adjusted NICS Background Checks for April 2023

The April 2023 NSSF-adjusted National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) figure of 1,369,296 is an increase of 0.7 percent compared to the April 2022 NSSF-adjusted NICS figure of 1,359,908. For comparison, the unadjusted April 2023 FBI NICS figure 2,616,729 reflects a 3.3 percent increase from the unadjusted FBI NICS figure of 2,534,057 in April 2022. April 2023 marks the 45th month in a row that has exceeded 1 million adjusted background checks in a single month as well as the 3rd highest reported figure for April.



Senior Citizen Handguns: Do Older Folks Need Different Handguns? Sometimes....





BREITBART Fact Check: Biden Claims 200 Mass Shootings in USA Thus Far in 2023

Moms' Gun Control Group Urges Colorado Governor to Ban All Guns

The Firearms Coalition of Colorado 05-05-2023 Legislative Alert

Please contact Governor Polis and request that he veto the measure below. Constituent Services Help Line: (303) 866-2885. Governor's Office, Front Desk: (303) 866-2471.

Email the Governor: Governorpolis@state.co.us

SB23-279, Unserialized Firearms and Firearm Components, bans private gun making in Colorado.

The two bills below are vulnerable to being overturned by a successful ballot petition drive and a vote of the people of Colorado to overrule the Liberal/Progressive majority under the Gold Dome of the State Capitol.

SB23-169, Increasing Minimum Age to Purchase Firearms, prohibits persons under 21 from buying any firearm in Colorado.

HB23-1219, Waiting Period to Deliver a Firearm, mandates at least a 3-day wait to buy a gun.

Here is some information on the process for running a petition to overturn a bad law.

Don't like what state lawmakers do? Here's how to recall a law in Colorado - The Colorado Sun.

Be courteous and concise in your comments to all elected officials. State facts and the personal impact of legislation on you and your family. It is important to let elected officials know your opinion, even if they oppose your views. They need to know there is significant, principled opposition to their intended course of action, or they will assume that no one cares and will pursue even more outrageous proposals.

Follow us at: https://groups.io/g/gunissues. (You must sign on to join this group.)

Follow us at: CaucusRoom.

(You must sign on to join this group. We are listed as a "Club.").

The Firearms Coalition of Colorado is an NRA Grassroots Affiliate. Our all-volunteer organization depends on memberships and the generosity of Second Amendment Supporters. Please join or contribute to The Firearms Coalition of Colorado. Individual memberships are still \$25 per year. Send check or money order to:

The Firearms Coalition of Colorado, PO Box 1454, Englewood, CO 80150-1454



"Good gun control" is Like A Unicorn; Neither Exist

Anti-Gun Activist: Forget Banning 'Assault Weapons,' Expand the NFA Instead



Gun-Controller Want a Fight, So Let's Give It To 'em!



NOT Just Guns! 32 Ways Democrats Changed Colorado In The 2023 Legislative Session



What the Media Doesn't Want You to Know About its 'Mass Murder' Narrative

Ordinary Men Will Save Our 2nd Amendment



Welrod Pistol: Allied Assassination Tool in WWII



Federal Judge Upholds
Constitutionality of Law Against
Possessing Guns Without Serial
Numbers



Why Are Democrats Pushing for Gun Laws They Won't Enforce?



Breaking Down Colorado's Four New Gun Bills - Video

Anti-2A Activist Says the Road to Repeal Starts in Colorado - Video

Upcoming "Holidays" You Can Look Forward To

MAY

May 12: National Limerick Day

May 15: International Day of Families

May 16: Love a Tree Day

May 17: International Day Against Homophobia and Transphobia

May 20: National Bike to Work Day (Third Friday of May)

May 20: Endangered Species Day (Third Friday of May)

May 21: National Memo Day

May 24: National Scavenger Hunt Day

May 26: National Red Nose Day (Last Thursday of May)

JUNE

June 1: Global Day of Parents

June 3: National Donut Day (First Friday of June)

June 5: World Environment Day

June 5: National Cancer Survivors Day (First Sunday of June)

June 6: Higher Education Day

June 19: Juneteenth (Freedom Day)

June 19: Father's Day (Third Sunday of June)

June 20: World Refugee Day

June 21: First Day of Summer (Varies between June 20-22 each year)

June 21: National Selfie Day

June 21: World Music Day

June 21: International Yoga Day

June 24: Take Your Dog to Work Day (First Friday after Juneteenth)

June 27: National Sunglasses Day

June 30: Social Media Day

June 30: National Handshake Day (Last Thursday of June)



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(Source: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fair_use)

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U.S. COPYRIGHT OFFICE - FAIR USE DEFINITION:

(Source: http://www.copyright.gov/fls/fl102.html)

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Section 107 contains a list of the various purposes for which the reproduction of a particular work may be considered fair, such as criticism, comment, news reporting, teaching, scholarship, and research. Section 107 also sets out in four factors to be considered in determining whether or not a particular use is fair:

- 1. The purpose and character of the use, including whether such use is of commercial nature or is for nonprofit educational purposes
- 2. The nature of the copyrighted work
- 3. The amount and substantiality of the portion used in relation to the copyrighted work as a whole
- 4. The effect of the use upon the potential market for, or value of, the copyrighted work

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The 1961 Report of the Register of Copyrights on the General Revision of the U.S. Copyright Law cites examples of activities that courts have regarded as fair use: "quotation of excerpts in a review or criticism for purposes of illustration or comment; quotation of short passages in a scholarly or technical work, for illustration or clarification of the author's observations; use in a parody of some of the content of the work parodied; summary of an address or article, with brief quotations, in a news report; reproduction by a library of a portion of a work to replace part of a damaged copy; reproduction by a teacher or student of a small part of a work to illustrate a lesson; reproduction of a work in legislative or judicial proceedings or reports; incidental and fortuitous reproduction, in a newsreel or broadcast, of a work located in the scene of an event being reported."

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