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Number 40 - May 19, 2023



Bruen Decision Thwarting Gun Control Efforts



Biden Vows to "Immediately"
Sign National "Assault Weapons
Ban" if He Gets the Chance



Brady Announces Provocative New Campaign Aimed at Widening Support to Reinstate Assault Weapons Ban



Schumer to Convene Special Senate Democratic Caucus Meeting on Gun Violence



Newest 'Assault Weapon' Gun Banners Don't Want to Ban



Rep. Boebert Intros Bill to Repeal RINO Gun Control & Defend 2nd Amendment

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Lee Precision Makes Casting Bullets Cheap...Here's Hos to Keep Them Running Smooth

Develop A Rimfire Routine - Training for Concealed Carry With a .22 Service Pistol



Caldera/Kopel Discussion of 2023 Legislative Session of Gun Bills - Video



Trump Defends Bump Stock Ban, Says it Was the NRA's Idea



Colorado Law in the Crosshairs After Federal Court Rules Against Age Ban on Gun Sales



Daydreaming the Guns Away



Tanner Gun Show - Denver May 5th - 7th - Crowne Plaza

Buy Tickets

Tanner Gun Show - Denver July 28th - 30th - Crowne Plaza

Buy Tickets



Best Semi-Automatic Shotguns of 2023



Best Home Defense Gun of 2023 [Shotgun vs Pistol vs Rifle]



Democrat Chris Murphy Goes Full Insurrectionist, Predicts 'Popular Revolt' to Force America to Accept Gun Control



3-D Model: Flintlock pistol, Edinburgh Castle, Scotland



Anti-Paramilitary Training Laws the Next Threat to Private Shooting Ranges

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A "Red State" or "Blue City" Murder Problem?



Obama Wants to "Reshape"
Public Attitudes Around Guns

You can please some of the people all of the time, you can please all of the people some of the time, but you can't please all of the people all of the time.

John Lydgate (English monk and poet, ca. 1370-1449)

The Firearms Coalition of Colorado 05-13-2023 Legislative Alert

Every Colorado Citizen's life, liberty, and property are a little safer for a number of months, now that the Legislative Session has ended on 05-08-2023. However, local governments still have the ability to infringe on our Second Amendment rights. Please monitor your city, county, and special districts for possible indications of more local gun control. Let us know if something comes up.

Several grass root pro-Second Amendment organizations have filed or are planning to file lawsuits against the anti-Second Amendment bills passed by the Liberal/Progressives in 2023. Some of these suits will require an individual citizen to allege harm, before a suit can be filed. In the case of some of the new laws, it may be possible to persuade a judge to issue a temporary restraining order or a preliminary injunction against a measure, based on the premise that great harm will ensue, if the law is enforced. Financial support for these legal actions will be critical. Please allocate personal dollars to support the battle for the individual right to armed self-defense.

Please contact Governor Polis and request that he veto the measure below. Constituent Services Help Line: (303) 866-2885. Governor's Office, Front Desk: (303) 866-2471.

Email the Governor: Governorpolis@state.co.us

SB23-279, Unserialized Firearms and Firearm Components, bans private gun making in Colorado.

The two bills below are vulnerable to being overturned by a successful ballot petition drive and a vote of the people of Colorado to overrule the Liberal/Progressive majority under the Gold Dome of the State Capitol.

<u>SB23-169</u>, <u>Increasing Minimum Age to Purchase Firearms</u>, prohibits persons under 21 from buying any firearm in Colorado.

HB23-1219, Waiting Period to Deliver a Firearm, mandates at least a 3-day wait to buy a gun.

Here is some information on the process for running a petition to overturn a bad law.

Don't like what state lawmakers do? Here's how to recall a law in Colorado - The Colorado Sun.

Be courteous and concise in your comments to all elected officials. State facts and the personal impact of legislation on you and your family. It is important to let elected officials know your opinion, even if they oppose your views. They need to know there is significant, principled opposition to their intended course of action, or they will assume that no one cares and will pursue even more outrageous proposals.

Elections are the most important factors in determining if we are to keep our birthright of freedom recognized by the Second Amendment. Elections determine who runs the legislative process at the state and federal levels, and who controls the boards, councils and commissions for local districts, cities, and counties. Please do as much as you can to assist in the effort to elect pro- Second Amendment candidates from a major pro-Second Amendment party in 2024.

Follow us at: https://groups.io/g/gunissues. (You must sign on to join this group.)

Follow us at: CaucusRoom.

(You must sign on to join this group. We are listed as a "Club.").

The Firearms Coalition of Colorado is an NRA Grassroots Affiliate. Our all-volunteer organization depends on memberships and the generosity of Second Amendment Supporters. Please join or contribute to The Firearms Coalition of Colorado. Individual memberships are still \$25 per year. Send check or money order to:

The Firearms Coalition of Colorado, PO Box 1454, Englewood, CO 80150-1454

The Firearms Coalition of Colorado 05-17-2023 Legislative Alert-Urgent-National Issues

Joe Biden has repeated his call for a national semi-auto ban. Conservative control of the US House will make it more difficult for Liberals to pass anti-individual rights legislation in 2023. We need to monitor "moderate" Republicans and try to reduce their tendencies to "go along to get along," and remind Democrats that there is significant opposition to their radical agenda. Please contact your Senators and Representative in opposition to any additional gun control.

The following bill is active in Congress. Please contact your Representative to support this legislation. We believe the ATF should be abolished for their compilation of an illegal database of gun owners culled from the records of FFLs, in addition to other infringements.

<u>H.R.374 - Abolish the ATF Act 118th Congress (2023-2024)</u> January 17, 2023. Mr. Gaetz introduced the bill; which was referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary.

Colorado Representative Loren Boebert introduced the following bill this month. It would undo the damage done to the Second Amendment by anti-individual rights legislation passed in the 117th Congress. Text for this bill is not yet available on the Congressional Website. Gun Owners of America reports that the measure would end the federal program to incentivize states to enact "Red Flag Laws," and reduce ATF funding, among other benefits.

H.R.3212 - 118th Congress (2023-2024): To repeal each gun control measure enacted by the 117th Congress, and for other purposes. | Congress.gov | Library of Congress May 11, 2023. The bill was referred to House Judiciary. Please contact your representative in support.

Contact information for your Federal Elected Public Servants can be found here: Members of the U.S. Congress | Congress.gov | Library of Congress. Call your County Clerk's Office, if you need to identify your congressional district. Call U.S. House and Senate at: 1(202)-224-3121.

Be courteous and concise in your comments to all elected officials. Where appropriate, state facts and the personal impact of legislation on you and your family. It is important to let elected officials know your opinion, even if they oppose your views. Liberals need to know there is significant, principled opposition to their intended course of action, or they will assume that no one cares and will pursue even more outrageous proposals.

While contacting elected officials is important, elections are the most important factors in determining if we are to keep our birthright of freedom recognized by the Second Amendment. Elections determine who runs the legislative process at the state and federal levels, and who controls the boards, councils and commissions for local districts, cities and counties. Please do as much as you can to assist in the effort to elect pro- Second Amendment candidates in 2024. Remember that a Third-Party Vote is a wasted vote.

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Upcoming "Holidays" You Can Look Forward To

MAY

May 20: National Bike to Work Day (Third Friday of May) May 20: Endangered Species Day (Third Friday of May) May 21: National Memo Day

May 24: National Scavenger Hunt Day

May 26: National Red Nose Day (Last Thursday of May)

JUNE

June 1: Global Day of Parents

June 3: National Donut Day (First Friday of June)

June 5: World Environment Day

June 5: National Cancer Survivors Day (First Sunday of June)

June 6: Higher Education Day

June 19: Juneteenth (Freedom Day)

June 19: Father's Day (Third Sunday of June)

June 20: World Refugee Day

June 21: First Day of Summer (Varies between June 20-22 each year)

June 21: National Selfie Day June 21: World Music Day

June 21: International Yoga Day

June 24: Take Your Dog to Work Day (First Friday after Juneteenth)

June 27: National Sunglasses Day

June 30: Social Media Day

June 30: National Handshake Day (Last Thursday of June)



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(Source: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fair_use)

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U.S. COPYRIGHT OFFICE - FAIR USE DEFINITION:

(Source: http://www.copyright.gov/fls/fl102.html)

One of the rights accorded to the owner of copyright is the right to reproduce or to authorize others to reproduce the work in copies or phonorecords. This right is subject to certain limitations found in sections 107 through 118 of the copyright law (title 17, U.S. Code). One of the more important limitations is the doctrine of "fair use". The doctrine of fair use has developed through a substantial number of court decisions over the years and has been codified in section 107 of the copyright law.

Section 107 contains a list of the various purposes for which the reproduction of a particular work may be considered fair, such as criticism, comment, news reporting, teaching, scholarship, and research. Section 107 also sets out in four factors to be considered in determining whether or not a particular use is fair:

- 1. The purpose and character of the use, including whether such use is of commercial nature or is for nonprofit educational purposes
- 2. The nature of the copyrighted work
- 3. The amount and substantiality of the portion used in relation to the copyrighted work as a whole
- 4. The effect of the use upon the potential market for, or value of, the copyrighted work

The distinction between fair use and infringement may be unclear and not easily defined. There is no specific number of words, lines, or notes that may safely be taken without permission. Acknowledging the source of the copyrighted material does not substitute for obtaining permission.

The 1961 Report of the Register of Copyrights on the General Revision of the U.S. Copyright Law cites examples of activities that courts have regarded as fair use: "quotation of excerpts in a review or criticism for purposes of illustration or comment; quotation of short passages in a scholarly or technical work, for illustration or clarification of the author's observations; use in a parody of some of the content of the work parodied; summary of an address or article, with brief quotations, in a news report; reproduction by a library of a portion of a work to replace part of a damaged copy; reproduction by a teacher or student of a small part of a work to illustrate a lesson; reproduction of a work in legislative or judicial proceedings or reports; incidental and fortuitous reproduction, in a newsreel or broadcast, of a work located in the scene of an event being reported."

Copyright protects the particular way an author has expressed himself. It does not extend to any ideas, systems, or factual information conveyed in the work. The safest course is always to get permission from the copyright owner before using copyrighted material.